THE BLESSINGS OF MOTHER MERRY

BY THE SIDE OF MANY AUTISTIC CHILDREN,

ANNA M.M. VETTICAD

WENTY-three-year-old Neeraj looks across the table at his mother with an expression most people would not understand. Is he gazing at her fondly? Or is he vaguely amused?

It doesn't really matter what onlookers may won-

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decades, figuring out how to figure
out what Neeraj thinks, needs and
wants. "Now I can help other parents with autistic children because of my own personal experiences," she says. Barua has been
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help at hand

Door, a school specifically for children with this disorder.

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British Council where I found a book on psychology that mentioned autism," she recalls. "It seemed to suggest that I as the mother was to blame for Neeraj's problem." There were other pointed fingers beyond the text. Now of course, Barua knows that her son's condition is not her fault. Autism is a life-long developmental disorder that severely hampers

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a person's social and communication skills, and often results in repetitive behaviour. Autistic people inhabit a mysteriously structured and closed world. The biggest problem parents of such children face is ignorance about the disorder in India.

Neeraj, for instance, went through several schools in Kolkata and Delhi, some of them well-meaning but ill-informed, one that would even tie him to his chair or punish him for 'misbehaviour' by shutting him alone in a room. "By the time he was 11, it had become very difficult," says Barua. "He would scream and shout all the time, even hit me." She looks at her strapping son affectionately and asks, "Isn't that true? You would hit me?" "Hit," Neeraj repeats the word, gently rocking his

head back and forth.

They can smile about it now.

Back then though, Barua remembers even buying a how-to-commit-suicide book. But this is not a woman who gives up easily.

Frustrated but convinced that her son was not a hopeless case, Barua took Neeraj out of school when he was 11 and spent an entire year at home with him, training him to adopt socially acceptable behaviour, teaching him the rudiments of mathematics, geography and history. "That's when I discovered this bright little mind in my severely autistic son," she says. "Medicines can't cure autism, but you can correct certain behaviour patterns and take a child from level 5 to level 8 with early intervention." Today Neeraj busies himself with various chores at AFA's office in Chiragh Gaon.

As for his mother, at 51, she continues to be one of the most untiring voices for parents of autistic children in the country. Barua and her son live alone together in Delhi. How will Neeraj cope after she is gone? Well, she is working towards setting up a residence where persons with autism can stay away from the family, under a social worker's supervision. Beyond that, "I don't worry about things I can do nothing about," she says simply.